

# **National Institute of Criminology, 2011 work schedule**

## **RESEARCH ASSIGNMENTS**

### ***A.) Research projects in the main fields of research***

#### **1. The first main direction: Violent crime**

##### **1.1. Study on the situation regarding violent criminality in Budapest night clubs**

Researcher: László Tibor Nagy

##### **1.2. Incest and violence**

Researcher: Erzsébet Tamási

##### **1.3. Study on male offenders in domestic violence**

Researcher: Erzsébet Tamási

#### **2. The second main direction: Children and young people in criminality**

##### **2.1. Integration or differentiation: Cross-section criminological study of juvenile girls from Budapest**

Researcher: Eszter Sárík

##### **2.2. Latent juvenile delinquency and age-group values. An examination of the attitude to choice of values amongst young students aged 12-17**

Researchers: Katalin Parti; Eszter Sárík

##### **2.3. 'Effective environmental strategy for prevention of juvenile alcohol addiction in Europe'; secondary analysis of data related to alcohol and drug use from the ISRD-2 study and international comparison (AAA-Prevent project)**

Researchers: Katalin Parti; Eszter Sárík; Judit Szabó

##### **2.4. ISRD-3: International Self-Reported latent Delinquency study (third phase of the ISRD study, 2011–2013)**

Researchers: Klára Kerezsi; Katalin Parti; Eszter Sárík / Andrea Schmidt

##### **2.5. As part of the study entitled 'Criminological study of the aggressive behaviour of children and juveniles', a semantic analysis of the personalities and mental states of those who have committed murder, on the basis of the expert opinions found in the criminal records**

Researcher: Eszter Sárík

## **2.6. Cross-section criminological study of juvenile boys from Budapest**

Researchers: Klára Kerecsi, József Kó

## **2.7. School climate**

Researcher: Szilvia Gyurkó

## **2.8. ‘Effectiveness and opportunities for adaptation’ – follow-up study of prevention of violence in schools and techniques used to manage it**

Researcher: Szilvia Gyurkó

# **3. The third main direction: Protection of the society and crime control – Reactions to the crimes committed**

## **3.1. How long does active regret last? Study on recidivism following mediation (in collaboration with the Office of Justice of the Ministry of Justice)**

Researchers: Klára Kerecsi / Edit Törzs

## **3.2. Desistance and prevention of recidivism: treatment programmes in Hungarian penal enforcement institutions. Empirical survey and evaluation**

Researchers: Andrea Borbíró; Judit Szabó / Gergely Fliegauf; Edit Velez

## **3.3. Inmate subculture and the internal regulations of the total institute**

### **3.3.1. Prison narratives of female and male inmates**

### **3.3.2. A complete study of a penal institute for women: mapping the relationship between inmates and the statuses and roles that have formed)**

Researchers: Szilvia Antal; Ágnes Solt

## **3.4. Discrimination in penal enforcement (joint study with the Helsinki Committee)**

Researcher: Dávid Vig

## **3.5. Mediation and restorative practices in prison settings III. (Opportunities for mediation in prison settings) [as part of an international consortium]**

Researchers: Tünde Barabás, Szandra Windt

## **3.6. The media and judicature**

Researchers: Szilvia Gyurkó; György Virág

# **4. The fourth main direction: Global crime**

## **4.1. Careers of drug dealers II.**

Researcher: Ildikó Ritter

#### **4.2. Debates on the regulation in criminal law of sanctions against hate speech and holocaust denial in countries of Western and Eastern Europe**

Researcher: Szilveszter Póczik

#### **4.3. Extreme-right wing political organizations, their ideological world, and their activity in the new eastern European member states of the EU (Baltic countries, Central-Eastern Europe, Balkan peninsula)**

Researcher: Szilveszter Póczik

#### **4.4. Forgery and identification of art treasures**

Researchers: Gabriella Kármán; Anna Kiss

### **5. The fifth main direction: Risks – prevention**

#### **5.1. Poverty and crime – opportunities for criminal policy in curbing ‘crime as a way of earning a living’**

Researcher: Ildikó Ritter

#### **5.2. Dilemmas in regulation of prostitution**

Researcher: Erzsébet Tamási

#### **5.3. Studies on male victims in German-speaking areas**

Researcher: Erzsébet Tamási

#### **5.4. UPACUS – Understanding a changing world: new criminal behaviours and new perceptions. Particularities and contradictions of urban security (FP7 SSH international research programme)**

Researchers: Andrea Borbíró; Klára Kerezsi

#### **5.5. An impact study on the EU data retention directive (as part of the EU COST research cooperation Living in Surveillance Societies/LiSS)**

Researchers: Katalin Parti; Imre Szabó; Dávid Vig

#### **5.6. Study of the effectiveness of Aggression Replacement Training (ART) and international comparative study, 2007–2010**

Researchers: Klára Kerezsi; Ágnes Solt

#### **5.7. OKRI-corruption index: a complex index for measuring corruption**

Researcher: Dávid Vig

#### **5.8. The opinion of Budapesters on crime and restorative justice 2: Validation**

Researchers: Tünde Barabás; Szandra Windt

#### **5.9. The role of the human factor in situational crime prevention**

Researcher: Szandra Windt

#### **5.10. Human factors – legal processes – environmental risks**

Researchers: Szilveszter Dunavölgyi; Katalin Tilki

#### **5.11. The criminal-sociology of the risk society: characteristics of social change; regulating society; regulatory control techniques**

Researcher: Ferenc Irk

#### **5.12. Sexual abuse on the internet II. If funds are provided, empirical research will be conducted on a national representative sample into the internet use habits of children, and risks related to internet use**

Researchers: Katalin Parti; György Virág

### **6. The sixth main direction: Economic crime and crime against property**

#### **6.1. Economic rationalization of crime against property**

Researcher: József Kó

#### **6.2. The forensics of cybercrime**

Researcher: Imre Szabó

### **7. The seventh main direction: The structure of the state, public authority – regional issues**

#### **7.1. The enforcement of environment protection regulations as seen by the authorities**

Researchers: Szilveszter Dunavölgyi; Katalin Tilki

## ***B/ Research beyond the main fields***

#### **1. Opportunities for automatization and its effects in expert evidence**

Researcher: Gabriella Kármán

#### **2. Current issues of criminal responsibility 3.: The notion of a criminal act; the danger to society; intention; negligence; mixed culpability; stages in the accomplishment of a crime; the culprits of a crime, the system excluding criminal responsibility, the problems resulting thereof; individual reasons excluding criminal responsibility**

Researcher: Ádám Mészáros

## ***C/ Research Instigated by the Chief Prosecutor's Office***

### **1. Research initiated in 2008 and ongoing**

**1.1. Problems in measuring corruption, the latency of acts of corruption. The practice of initiating criminal proceedings by the authorities with the jurisdiction to investigate in crimes of the nature of corruption (NVSZ [National Defence Service], NBH [National Security Office], APEH [Hungarian Tax Office], KEHI [Government Audit Office], ÁSZ [State Audit Office], PSZÁF [Hungarian Financial Supervisory Authority], GVH [Hungarian Competition Authority])**

Researcher: *Dávid Vig*

### **2. Research initiated in 2009**

**2.1. Criminal-sociological aspects of violence in the stands: I. Characteristics and strata of fan subculture in Hungary; II. Study of fears, experience and opinions of football hooliganism on a sample of 1000 members of the public**

Researchers: László Tibor Nagy; Ildikó Ritter

**2.2. Criminality of environmental (industrial) catastrophes, criminal and civil law aspects thereof, with special regard to opportunities for and limitations of compensation**

Researchers: Szilveszter Dunavölgyi; Katalin Tilki

**2.3. The role and task of investigative prosecution services**

Researcher: Anna Kiss

**2.4. Analysis of hate crimes. Theoretical and practical problems of law enforcement (study of criminal cases started because of homicide and bodily harm committed with base reason or purpose and of violence against a member of a community and incitation against a community)**

Researchers: Judit Utasi

**2.5. Study of inmate subculture (priorities and values), and the link between subculture and extraordinary events amongst men and women)**

Researchers: Szilvia Antal; Ágnes Solt; Judit Szabó

**2.6. Comparison of the provisions of Act CLXXXIII of 2010 relating to juvenile courts with the expectations embodied in international conventions**

Researcher: Szilvia Gyurkó

## ***D/ Research projects initiated by the Scientific Board***

### **1. Roma and non-Roma living together: conflicts, problem-solving strategies and results of integration**

Researchers: Szilvia Antal; Ágnes Solt; Judit Szabó

### **2. The timeliness of investigations, speeding up investigation**

Researchers: Géza Finszter; Anna Kiss; Ádám Mészáros; Imre Szabó

### **3. Clarification of concepts in systems theory related to policing**

Researchers: Szilveszter Dunavölgyi; Géza Finszter; Anna Kiss; Imre Szabó